WISENMESHNET® L-Series VW Interface Node User Manual

Wuxi Wisen Innovation Co., Ltd.

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Revision History and Clarification

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Document Definition:

It defines the specifications (i.e., introduction, technical features, deployment and maintenance methods) of the WISENMESHNET® VW interface node, which is one of the key components in WISENMESHNET® Low Power, Intelligent, Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) system. It is responsible to:

- > Sample data from external Vibrating Wire sensors, such as strain gauge, displacement transducer, piezometer, settlement sensor, pressure cell, load cell, etc.;
- Form a time-synchronized Wireless Sensor Network with others nodes in the system;
- > Transmit the data packet to a gateway.

Scope:

Customer Site Project Managers and Engineers, Wisen Service Engineers, etc.



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1. Product Introduction

The WISENMESHNET® Vibrating Wire (VW) Interface Node is one of the key products in our patented WISENMESHNET® geotechnical safety monitoring system. Working together with the WISENMESHNET® gateway product and our customers VW type sensors, it intelligently delivers the real-time VW derived deformation of the structure to the information centre.

The WISENMESHNET® VW Interface Node operates using our core technology, i.e., the WISENMESHNET® Low Power, Intelligent, Wireless Sensor Network protocol, together with its internal high precision frequency sampling module and power unit. This interface node is compatible with conventional geotechnical vibrating wire type sensors measuring in the range from 400 to 6000Hz. This product satisfies the three fundamental identities of the system:

- A. Network Life Span: to maximise battery life across the mesh network as a whole;
- B. Network Data Arrival Rate: to minimise data packet loss;
- C. Single Node Environmental Coverage: to maximise radio coverage.

Our product has IP66 and is designed to work in a tough environment. It is small in size, reliable in performance, easy for maintenance, has high precision during sampling, and has strong immunity to radio-interference.



Figure 1. 1 Channel VW Interface Node Overview in Photos.

WISENMESHNET® VW interface node is Compatible with all different brands & types of high quality Vibrating Wire sensors, therefore it can be applied in all different related monitoring projects. Examples of VW sensors: Strain Gauge; Displacement Transducers; Piezometers; Settlement Sensors; Pressure Cells; Load Cells.



2. System Structure Layout

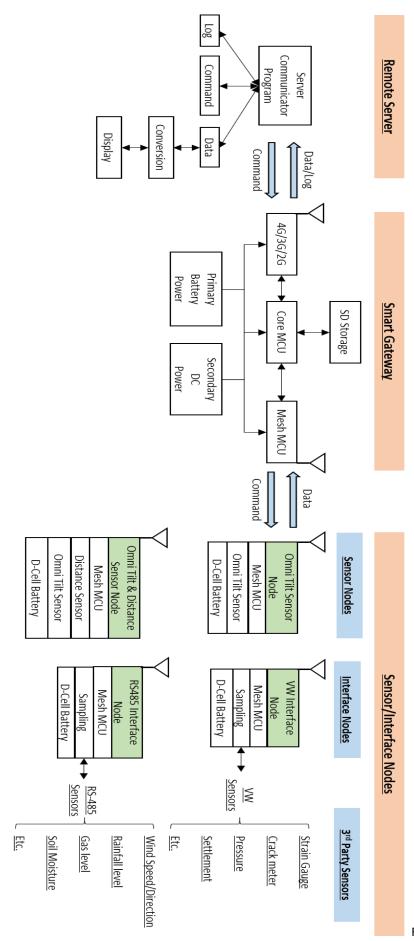


Figure 2. System Structure Layout.



3. Node & Radio Features

Node Features:

Basics	Basics			
Battery Power	Qty. x 1 (3.6V Lithium primary D-Cell ER34615)			
Accuracy Stop Voltage	2.1VDC			
Mesh Stop Voltage	2.1VDC			
Battery Connection	Standard Aluminium Battery Holder			
Working Current (DC)	Max. 60mA (Typ. 48mA)			
Local Storage	Min. 450 Messages during Meshing			
LxWxH	100 x 100 x 60mm			
Weight	0.60kg			
Cable Gland	Qty. 1 x EMC-CMA12 for external VW sensor connection			
Wire Connection	Spring type wiring terminal			
Externally Connected VW Sens	or			
Sensor Type	Vibrating Wire Typed			
No. of Inputs	1 Channel			
	VW Type of 5 wires: VW+, VW-, T+, T-, GND.			
Sensor Connection	Note: Temperature wires (or a $3k\Omega$ resistor) must be connected to the T+ & T-			
Sensor Connection	terminals so VW node can work properly; Ground wire between a node and a sensor			
	must be connected.			
Parameter	Resonant Frequency (Hz)			
Range	400 to 6000Hz			
Accuracy	0.015% at Any Reading			
Sensitivity	0.002Hz@400Hz or 0.05Hz@6000Hz			
Cable Length	<= 1.1km			
External Thermistor Sensor	external Thermistor Sensor			
Parameter	Thermistor Resistor of 3kΩ @25°C			
Range	0.052kΩ to 113.096 kΩ			
Accuracy	0.12kΩ or 2°C			
Standard System Parameter				



Temperature	Range: -40 to 85°C, Accuracy: +/-1°C, typical 0.5°C; Resolution: 0.1°C		
Voltage	Accuracy: +/-0.1V		
WSN Interface			
WSN Protocol	WISENMESHNET® Protocol		
Re-Calibration Method			
Inspection Period	Every 3 Years by Manufacturer (or inspected by arranged methods)		
Industrial Standard			
Casing and Painting Materials	Aluminium-Alloy Die Castings 12 (Epoxy Polyester Powder Coating)		
IP Rating	>= IP66		
Operating Temperature	Operating Temperature -40 to 85°C		

Radio Features:

	FCC 915MHz Sys	tem	CE 868MHz System	
Radio Band	902-928MHz		865-868MHz	
Central Frequency (<u>Default</u>)	905 /910/915/920/925MHz		<u>865.75</u> /866.25/866.75/867.25MHz	
Default Transmit Power	18dBm		14dBm	
Receive Sensitivity	-112dBm			
Bandwidth	500kHz		500kHz	
Transmission Speed	19.2kb/s		19.2kb/s	
No. of Mesh Hop*			CHans	
Supported	6 Hops		в порѕ	
Sampling Interval	1-60mins		1-60mins	
	Mesh Antenna	Omni-	directional (20cm in length) or Customised	
Antenna Description	2/3/4G-Antenna	Omni-dire	ectional 3.5dBi (20cm in length) or Customised	
	Antenna Connector		SMA (M)	

^{*} E.g., the radio link from a gateway to the $\mathbf{1}^{st}$ layer node is called the $\mathbf{1}^{st}$ hop.



4. Terminologies

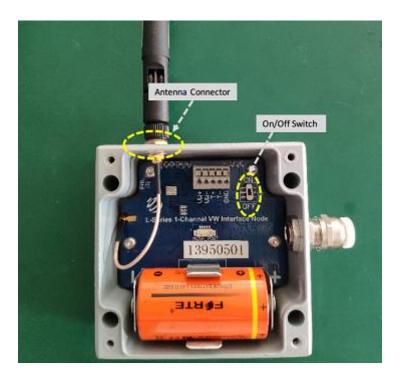


Figure 3. VW Interface Node Internal Configuration Terminologies.

5. Operation Procedures



5.1. System Deployment Notifications

- 1) Location: The deployment location of a VW Interface Node is usually determined by the required monitoring or inspection location;
- 2) Before any VW Interface Node is switched on, two tasks will need to be carried out:
 - A. Unlike the Tilt Node which has a MEMS tilt sensor embedded in the node, the VW sensors chosen by the customer, e.g., VW crackmeter, VW settlement gauge, VW strain gauge, etc, must be connected to the VW Interface Node;
 - B. A gateway must be deployed, powered on and proven to be working properly. Otherwise, the nodes will need to be switched off, then switched on again after a gateway is switched on. So simply speaking, the rules to follow to correctly deploy a WISENMESHNET system are:



Gateway first, then nearby nodes, then further nodes.

- 3) During deployment, the Serial Number, i.e., SN of a node and the orientation of the VW sensors deployed against their site references must be recorded;
- 4) The connections between a customer chosen VW sensor and a Wisen VW Interface Node must strictly follow the rules stated in this document;
- 5) All the node should have its antenna point upwards.

5.2. Choosing your VW Sensors

Most problems encountered during monitoring are caused by the cabling and the connections of VW sensors, especially when environment is experiencing strong Electromagnetic (EM) interference, such as power tunnels. The essential requirements when choosing a VW sensor are listed below:

- 1) The sensor cable: insulation sleeve, braid screen, 4 coils, one drain wire, where:
 - A. The braid screen is connected to the box;
 - B. The 4 coils are connected to the unit signal terminals;
 - C. The 1 drain wire is connected to the electrical circuit ground.
- 2) Reputable manufacturers.

(Notice : Wisen can always recommend an updated EMC solution and some suitable manufacturers around the world to our customers. Please contact Wisen for further information).

5.3. Deployment Procedures

- 1) Open the box: Take the node out of the package and open its lid;
- 2) Insert Battery: By default, a node does not contain a D-Cell battery. Therefore the battery needs to be inserted.

 Notice : +ve and -ve orientation must be correct, otherwise, the internal circuit may be damaged; As our VW Interface Nodes has more than one battery installed, special attention must be paid to avoid shorting the battery by the battery holder.
- 3) Antenna Installation: Screw the antenna tightly onto the node;
- 4) Sensor Installation: To ensure a customer chosen VW sensor is deployed onto a structure correctly, please strictly follow the corresponding manufacturer sensor instructions. Once a VW sensor is deployed and pre-tensioned, please use a handheld readout device to confirm valid readings can be read;
- 5) Sensor connections to Node:
 - A. Strip the cable sleeve back by 8mm.



- B. The 5 wires from the cable are VW+, VW-, Thermistor (Temperature)+, Thermistor (Temperature)- and Ground. Please refer to the sensor datasheet to identify the purpose of the stripped wires.
- C. Untighten the gland cover, insert cable through the gland, then connect the 5 wires correspondingly as shown in the Figure below.
- D. Once the wires are connected, please tighten the gland cover firmly to ensure its IP rating on that channel.

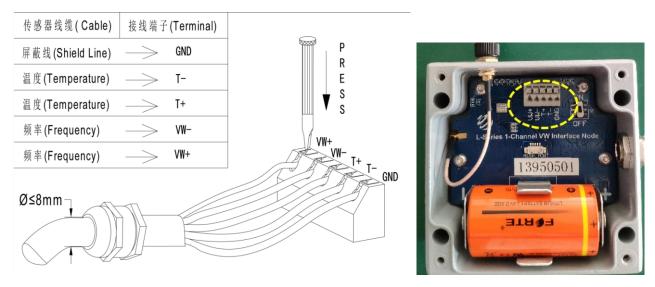


Figure 4. VW Sensor Connections (VW+, VW-, T+, T-, GND).

- Notice 1: The cable gland diameter of the 1-VW Interface Node is 8mm.
- Notice 2: All the 5 wires must be connected, to minimise electrical interference and possible loss of precision.
- Notice 3: Within any electrically noisy environment, nodes with sensors must be >= 0.3m away from the source of the noise.
- 6) Power On: Once all the VW sensors are connected, turn the switch on. Now you should be able to see 3 LEDs flashing 3 times, that means the node is on properly. Then switch off the node to save power if the gateway is off;
- 7) Tighten the 4 Cap-Hex-Head screws of the lid to secure the enclosure IP rating;
- 8) To validate the sensor data, please visit WISENMESHNET® Visualisation Platform for further details.

5.4. Mounting Options

VW Interface Node can be deployed with various methods. However, the priciple is to make sure it is firmly attached to the installation surface.



6. General Maintenance and Notification

1) Once a node is installed in the field, please minimise any man-made disturbance so that data quality can be maintained;

- 2) Radio communication will be impaired if the antenna is covered by metal or very moist soil material;
- 3) Due to the discharge characteristics of the recommended battery, a battery replacement should be carried out when a node reported voltage reaches 2.7V, at which point you have approximately 3 weeks to change the battery;
- 4) Our product will use all the possible capacity in a battery down to a stop (minimum) voltage, which has been specified in the Features table. When this occurs, our WISENMESHNET® protocol will send you a warning then it will enter a deep sleep mode until a new battery is installed;
- 5) If the data from nodes are showing unexpected results or are not being sent back to the Wisen gateway, then please carry out investigation using the following two stage procedure:
 - A. Remote Inspection of historical data, to identify the following:
 - a) Whether the heart-beat message has been sent back successfully at each time interval;
 - b) Whether the battery voltage is too low, if yes, please change the battery unit;
 - c) Whether the signal strength has become significantly weaker than it was previously. If yes, please check the antenna has been screwed on firmly.
 - B. On-site Inspection: If all the above are good, please arrange an on-site inspection to check:
 - a) Whether a Node has visible external damage;
 - b) Check the box lid to see if it is firmly tightened;
 - c) Whether the antenna is bent or damaged and that the node is not blocked by new construction, e.g., hoardings;
 - When it is possible, check that the signal strength is normal by using a spectrum analyser;
 - e) Open the lid, to see whether the battery is firmly attached to its holder;
 - f) Use a multi-meter to measure the battery voltage. If it is below the stop (minimum) voltage, replace the battery.
 - g) Make sure the 5 wires are connected properly, if necessary, please disconnect the wires to inspect.

Notices :

i. Case One: If any change has been made from the list above, please inspect the data at the remote server;



ii. Case Two: If all the actions from the list above have not cured the problem, please contact Wisen. We will be happy to help.

7. Package and Accessories



Standard:

No.	Items	Dimension (mm)	Qty.
1	WISENMESHNET® VW Interface Node	100x100x60	1
2	Mesh Antenna	200	1
3	Cap-Hex-Head Screw	M6x14	4
4	4 User Manual* Downloadable from		WISENMESHNET®
5	Inspection Report*	Inspection Report* Visualisation Platform.	

8. Safety and Warning



Warning: Please read the following instructions carefully.

1) Operation Safety

- ➤ Before taking any action, please read all the information provided carefully, and keep the guidance documents safe;
- ➤ Ensure that any procedures and installations are correctly carried out. The communication cable and the case must be grounded.
- This product has been designed to meet a certain water-proof level. However, it becomes water vulnerable when the lid is open or if the cable gland has not been sealed properly.

2) Electric Safety

> To install the battery into a holder, please follow the "+" (positive) and "-" (negative) signs in any Wisen product.



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Wrong orientation of a battery could potential cause unit damage. Notice 1: The orientation of battery can vary

among products.

> When disconnecting the battery, please take special care not to apply excessive force, otherwise the battery

holder and the nearby circuitry may be damaged.

3) Warning

> The battery in the product has a relatively high capacity, so please take special care during storage and usage.

> This product must not be disassembled under any circumstances, to do so will void the warranty and may leave

the product in a dangerous state;

> If all the above are not followed, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for any damage and injury caused

to the users.

4) Caution

> Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the type recommended by the

manufacturer.

> When disposing of the batteries, please contact your local authorities or dealer and ask for the correct method of

disposal.

9. Contact

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